

March 2017 • Newsletter No. 30

### SECTIONS

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Today in history

### PAIGH

### CALL PAT-2018

The General Secretariat and the PAIGH Commissions call for the submission of applications for Pan American Technical Assistance Projects 2018. These projects must be directly linked to the "Pan American Agenda of the PAIGH 2010-2020" and will be submitted to the 85th Meeting of Authorities, to be held in June 2017. The Technical Assistance Program of the PAIGH aims to carry out specialized actions in the fields of Cartography, Geography, History and Geophysics that contribute to regional integration and sustainable development in specific areas such as adaptation to climate change, land management, natural risk management and historical heritage.

Applications must be submitted through the respective online form which can be completed at the following

link:https://www.ipgh.org/asistenciatecnica/proyectos-2017/form-pat-2017.html Informs: asistencia.tecnica@ipgh.org

### HISTORY ACTIVITIES WITHIN THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

### SEGUNDO CONGRESO INTERNACIONAL DE LA ASOCIACIÓN LATINOAMERICANA E IBÉRICA DE HISTORIA SOCIAL (ALIHS)

Place: Universidad de Buenos Aires, Argentina Dates: March 1, 2 and 3, 2017 Informs: http://alihs.cua.uam.mx

### THE SOCIETY OF EARLY AMERICANISTS. 10TH BIENNIAL CONFERENCE

Place: American Literature Association, Tulsa, Oklahoma

Dates: March 2, 3 and 4, 2017

Informs:

https://sea2017.wordpress.com/about/cfp/

### COLOQUIO INTERNACIONAL "EL REINO DE CHILE: RETOS DE LA PALABRA Y LA IMAGEN"

Place: Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile.

Dates: 14 y 15 de marzo de 2017

Informs: http://centroestudioshistoricos.ubo.cl

## HISTORY COMMISSION

# INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S DAY

International Women's Day has its antecedents in the struggle of women to achieve their political, labor and reproductive rights during the last two hundred years. Feminism has marked contemporary history since the French Revolution, when the playwright Olimpia de Gouges wrote her Declaration of the Rights of Women and Citizens (1791), to this day. At the Second International Conference of Socialist Women in Copenhagen (1910), the demand for universal suffrage for all women was reiterated and the International Working Women's Day was proclaimed.

At the First World Conference of Women of the Organization of the United Nations held in Mexico in 1975, it was suggested that March 8 commemorate International Women's Day, in memory of the group of textile workers that on March 8, 1857, take to the streets of New York to protest the adverse working conditions.

Different movements followed from that date. On March 15, 1908 New York was the scene of another strike by a group of women demanding equal pay, working day of 10 hours and time to breastfeed their children. During that strike, more than a hundred burned women were killed in the Sirtwoot Cotton factory, in a fire that was attributed to the owner of the factory in response to the strike.

Finally, in 1977, the UN made the official statement on 8 March as International Women's Day.

For its part, the Organization of American States (OAS) established the Inter-American Commission of Women (CIM) in 1928, which was the first intergovernmental instrument created to ensure the recognition of women's human rights. The CIM is composed of

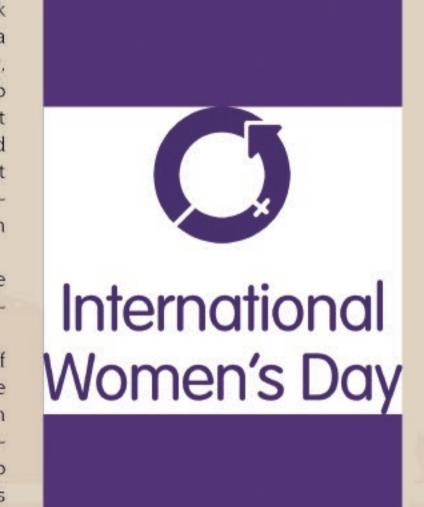
34 delegates, one for each OAS Member State and has become the main forum for debate and policy formulation on women's rights and gender equality in the Americas.

In 2015, leaders around the world adopted the Sustainable Development Goals, placing gender equality and empowering women at the heart of Agenda 2030.

The theme for 2017 for International Women's Day is "Women in the changing world of work: planet 50-50 in 2030".

According to data from the World Economic Forum in Davos, in Latin America, the labor force participation of women has grown 33% since 1990 and 23 million women have joined the job market in the last 10 years.

Women are essential actors for development, with the power to influence the well-being of their communities.



## CALLS

### Revista de Historia de América, Revista de Arqueología Americana y Revista Antropología Americana

Call: History commission of PAIGH. Call for: paper, research, review. Informs: comisiondehistoria.ipgh@gmail.com

### 3<sup>ER</sup> COLOQUIO DE MEDIEVALIDADES HISTÓRICAS Y ETNOHISTÓRICAS

Call: Escuela Nacional de Antropología e Historia,

México.

Call for: paper

Deadline: March 30, 2017

Informs: coloquiomedievalidades@outlook.com

### I SIMPOSIO INTERNACIONAL DE ARTE COLONIAL LATINOAMERICANO ESCUELA DE ARTE E HISTORIA DEL ARTE

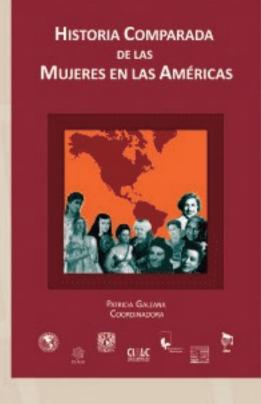
Call: Universidad de Florida Gainesville, Florida

Call for: ponencia Deadline: 31 de marzo de 2017

Informs: CLAAsymposium@gmail.com

### EDITORIAL RECOMMENDATIONS on Feminism in the Americas

- Amalia E. Fischer, Feministas latinoamericanas: las nuevas brujas y sus aquelarres, México, unam, 1995.
- Alison M. Jagger and Iris Marion Young (Ed.), A companion to Feminist Philosophy, Blackwell, Londres, 1998.
- Asunción Lavrín, Las mujeres latinoamericanas: perspectivas históricas, México, FCE, 1985.
- Celia Amorós, Tiempo de feminismo. Sobre feminismo, proyecto ilustrado y postmodernidad, Madrid, Cátedra, 1997.



 Historia Comparada de las Mujeres en las Américas, México, IPGH, UNAM, FEMU, 2012.

- Galeana, Patricia (coord.), Universitarias latinoamericanas: liderazgo y desarrollo, México, unam, FEMU, 1990.
- Raquel Gutiérrez Aguilar, Desandar el laberinto. Introspección en la feminidad contemporánea, México. Pez en el árbol. 2010.
- Sara Poggio, Montserrat Sagot, Beatriz Schmukler (comp.), Mujeres en América Latina transformando la vida, San José, Universidad de Costa Rica, 2001.

## TODAY IN HISTORY

## MARCH 6

Antonio.

1836. Mexico. Texas Rebellion: Following a 13-day siege, Mexican forces captured the Alamo in San

## 1973. United States.

Nobel Prize for Literature in 1938, Pearl S. Buck died.

- MARCH 8 International Women's Day
- MARCH 10

1936. Uruguay. Alfredo Zitarrosa was born, singer, writer and Uruguayan journalist.

## 1952. Cuba.

Fulgencio Batista staging a military coup d'état.

### MARCH 20 1780. Ecuador.

Jose Joaquin de Olmedo was born, poet, lawyer and politician.

#### MARCH 21 1806. Mexico.

Born Benito Juarez, Mexican political leader and president.

### International Day for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination

MARCH 24 1976. Argentina.

Jorge Rafael Videla, staging a military coup d'état, against President Maria Estela Martinez de Peron

International Day for the Right to the Truth Concerning **Gross Human Rights** Violations and for the Dignity of Victims.

 MARCH 25 International Day of Remembrance of the Victims of Slavery and the Transatlantic Slave Trade.

### MARCH 26TH 1913. Mexico.

Governor of Coahuila, Venustiano Carranza, proclaimed the Plan of Guadalupe in response to the overthrow and execution of President Francisco I. Madero during the Ten Tragic Days of February 1913.

#### MARCH 28 1750. Venezuela.

Born in Caracas Francisco de Miranda, precursor of the American Emancipation, who also fought in the French Revolution and the American Revolutionary War.

## 1936. Peru.

Born in Arequipa novelist, essayist, journalist and politician Mario Vargas Llosa.

### MARCH 31ST 1914. Mexico.

Octavio Paz was born, poet, essayist and diplomat, Nobel Prize for Literature in 1990.

Comisión de Historia IPGH

Pan American Institute of Geography and History – History Commission