



## SECTIONS

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### PAIGH

#### 89 ANNIVERSARY OF PAN-AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY

The Pan American Institute of Geography and History (PAIGH) was created in February 1928 at the Sixth International Conference in Havana, Cuba.

At the request of the Mexican government headquarters was established in Mexico City. In May, 1930, Mexican President Pascual Ortiz Rubio, by decree made available to the American nations a historic building in street Ex Arzobispado 29.

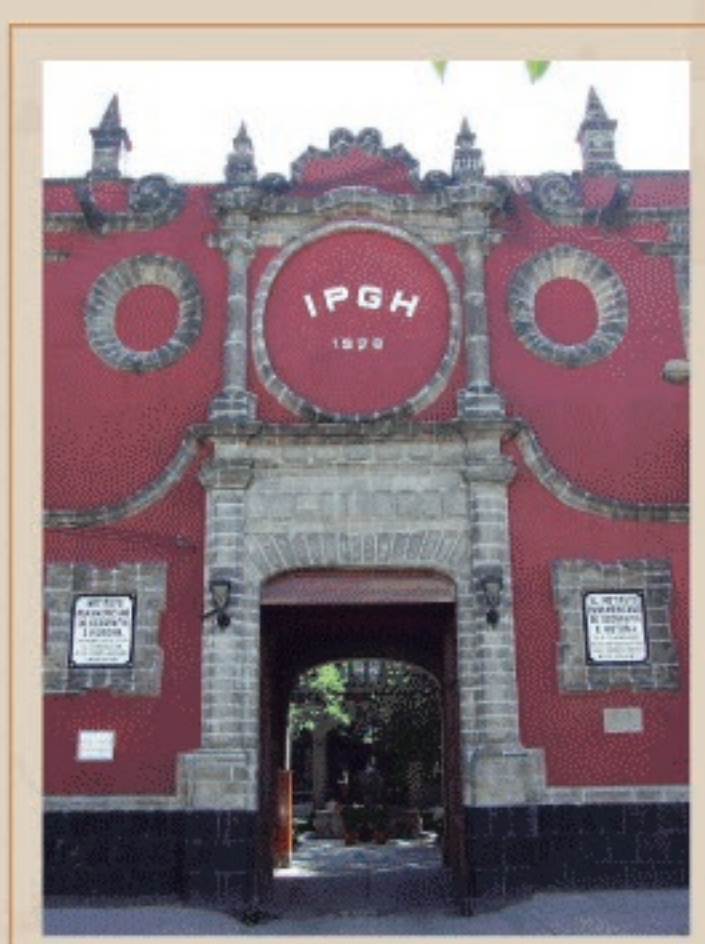
In 1949 the PAIGH became the first specialized agency of the Organization of American States (OAS).

Since its founding, the Pan American Institute of Geography and History has supported and contributed decisively to the advancement of science corresponding to its scope.

Leading researchers and scientists, as well as authorities of the highest rank in the Member States, they have been key players in the process of evolution of the institution from birth.

The History Commission was created in August 1946 in accordance with Resolution XXVII at the IV General Assembly of the PAIGH, held in Caracas, Venezuela. From then on, it has been devoted to the generation and transfer of historical knowledge. The Commission was chaired by the distinguished Mexican historian Silvio Zavala, from 1947 to 1965, who commissioned the outstanding Mexican philosopher Leopoldo Zea to create the Committee "History of Ideas in America". Zea occupied his address for life, until he died in 2004.

To know more about the PAIGH, we invite you to visit its page: <https://www.ipgh.org/>



### HISTORY COMMISSION

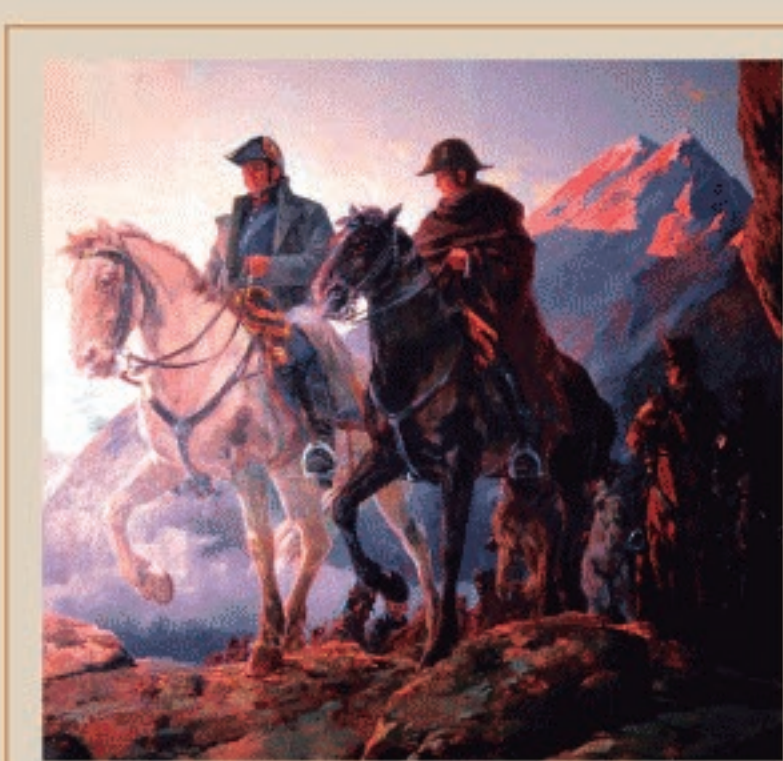
#### BICENTENARY OF CROSSING OF THE ANDES

*In twenty-four days we have completed the campaign, passed through the highest mountain range on the globe, defeat the tyrants and given freedom to Chile*  
José de San Martín

February 5 of 2017 marks the bicentenary of the Crossing of the Andes. The Army of the United Provinces of Rio de la Plata in the War of Independence, commanded by General San Martín, left Argentina on January 17, 1817 and arrived in Chile on February 5 of the same year. General José de San Martín cross the Andes, from the Argentine region of Cuyo, through Los Patos and Uspallata, and confronted the royalist troops loyal to the Spanish Crown. This maneuver was part of the plan that General José de San Martín developed to carry out the Liberating Expedition of Chile and Peru.

The Crossing of the Andes is considered one of the greatest feats of universal military history. The Expedition demanded twenty-five days. On February 12 of the same year, was the important triumph of the Argentine and Chilean patriots in Chacabuco

The Crossing of the Andes of 1817 was the largest political-military operation carried out within the framework of the revolutionary and independence process. The liberating campaign of the Army of the Andes consolidated the definitive independence of Argentina, Chile and Peru.



Crossing of the Andes, Julio Vila y Prades, 1908.

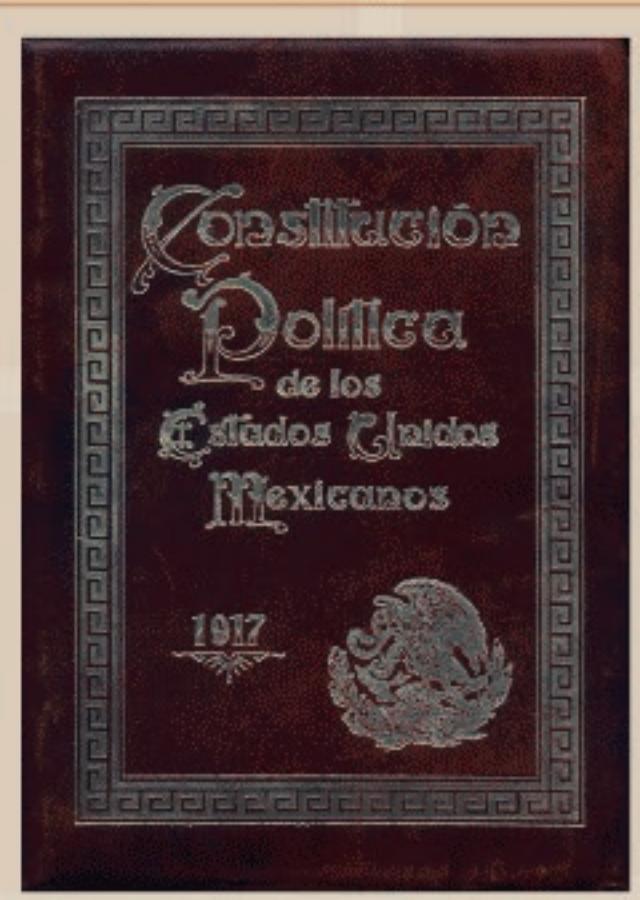
#### MEXICAN CONSTITUTION OF 1917

Patricia Galeana<sup>1</sup>

Mexican Constitution of 1917 was the first in the world to incorporate social rights. This fact alone makes it admirable. However, in order to appreciate the work of the constituents and the First Chief of the Constitutionalist army, Venustiano Carranza, we must know the difficult national and international context in which it was carried out.

Mexico had experienced a triumphant six-month revolution that ended a dictatorship of more than three decades. However, the democratic government of Francisco I. Madero, emerged from the revolutionary process, was swept away by the counterrevolution. A military coup supported by the American ambassador, the hierarchy of the Catholic Church and the old porfiristas, enthroned a bloody general.<sup>2</sup>

A second revolution began, the constitutionalist one, headed by Venustiano Carranza, at that time governor of Coahuila. This one, managed to remove the usurper, after a year of struggle. To the triumph contributed the



popular agrarian revolution of the south, headed by Emiliano Zapata, raised in arms from the government of Madero, and the one commanded by Francisco Villa in the north of the country.

The Constitution of 1917 was born in the midst of World War I, under the pressure of the belligerents to join the war, with the country invaded by the US Punitive Expedition and the civil war in the north led by Francisco Villa and in the south by Emiliano Zapata.

The Mexican Constitution of 1917 recognized all the individual guarantees, but established that above these are those of society, those of the workers. Article 27 granted legal personality to communal lands. Article 123 established 8 hours as working day, the right to unionize, the right to strike, profit sharing, Sunday rest, compensation due to accident, equal work for equal pay, prohibited the work of minors and the physical work of the women three months before the childbirth and a month of rest after the birth with his integral salary. The Weimar Constitution recognized these rights until 1919.

<sup>1</sup> Presidenta de la Comisión de Historia.

<sup>2</sup> Arenas Guzmán, Diego, *Radiografía del cuartelazo 1912-1913*, México, INEHRM, 1969, 201 pp.

### HISTORY RELATED ACTIVITIES REGARDING THE AMERICAN CONTINENT

#### INTERNATIONAL COLLOQUIUM

"LA CONSTITUCIÓN DE QUERÉTARO EN SU CENTENARIO; SIGNIFICACIÓN HISTÓRICA Y LECCIONES DE LA REVOLUCIÓN MEXICANA PARA LA AMÉRICA LATINA"

Call: Asociación de Historiadores Latinoamericanos y del Caribe (ADHILAC)  
Place: Universidad de La Habana, Cuba.

Dates: 6 to 8, February 2017.  
Informs: Dr. Sergio Guerra Vilaboy ([serguev@fih.uh.cu](mailto:serguev@fih.uh.cu)) and Dr. Oscar Zanetti ([ozanetti@cubarte.cult.cu](mailto:ozanetti@cubarte.cult.cu)).

#### THINKING ANDEAN STUDIES: AN INTERDISCIPLINARY CONFERENCE

Call: program Quechua at Penn de la University of Pennsylvania  
Place: University of Pennsylvania Unites Estates.

Dates: 10 and 11, February 2017.  
Informs: <http://web.sas.upenn.edu/quechua/thinking-andean-studies-conference/>

#### 38 FERIA

INTERNATIONAL BOOK FAIR IN THE PALACIO DE MINERÍA  
Call: Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México  
Date: February 23 to March 6, 2017  
Place: Palacio de Minería, Mexico city.

Informs: <http://www.ferialibromineria.mx/>

### CALLS

#### Magazine *Cahiers des américaines latines*

Transformaciones del sandinismo, nuevo orden económico y luchas campesinas, Nicaragua bajo el mando de Daniel Ortega (2006-2017)  
Call for: papers

Deadline: February 15, 2017

Informs: <http://www.red-redial.net/americana-noticia-12871.html>

#### Magazine *Conversas e Controvérsias*

"Velhas e novas elites na América Latina"

Call for: papers

Deadline: February 27, 2017

Informs:

<http://revistaseletronicas.pucrs.br/ojs/index.php/conversasecontroversias/index>

#### VII International Congress of Historical Sciences in Venezuela

Dates: 6 and 7 of July, 2017

Place: Universidad Centroccidental "Lisandro Alvarado"

Call for: paper

Informs: Dr. Reinaldo Rojas, [reinaldooneal@gmail.com](mailto:reinaldooneal@gmail.com)

#### II Summer school conceptual history CONCEPTA

Ibero-America "Conceptos en Movimiento. Siglos XVI-XX"

Dates: July 24 to August 4, 2017

Place: El Colegio de México

Call for: course

Informs: <http://ceh.colmex.mx/index.php/concepta-iberoamerica>

#### XVIII Colombian Congress of History "Historia y memoria en el mundo actual. Pensar la obra de Jaime Jaramillo Uribe"

Dates: 10 to 13, October 2017.

Place: Centro de Convenciones Plaza Mayor Medellín- Colombia

Call for: paper and attendance

Informs: [ana.puerta@contactamicomunicaciones.com](mailto:ana.puerta@contactamicomunicaciones.com) and the website <http://asocolhistoria.org.co/content/1%C3%ADtulo-1>

### TODAY IN HISTORY

- **FEBRUARY 3**  
**1813. Argentina.**  
In the Battle of San Lorenzo, the troops commanded by José de San Martín overcome the troops commanded by Juan Antonio Zabala.
- **FEBRUARY 4**  
**1913. United States.**  
Rosa Parks was born, African American activist of the Movement for Civil Rights in this country.
- **FEBRUARY 5**  
**1917. México.**  
President Venustiano Carranza and the Constituent Congress enact Constitution, currently in force.
- **FEBRUARY 7**  
**1928. Creation of PAIGH.**
- **FEBRUARY 8**  
**1971. Unites Estados.**  
First trading day of the new electronic stock market, NASDAQ.
- **FEBRUARY 9**  
**1913. México.**  
Starts The ten tragic days armed movement by which was ousted Mexican President Francisco I. Madero.
- **FEBRUARY 12**  
**1814. Venezuela.**  
Battle of La Victoria within the framework of the War of Independence.
- **FEBRUARY 16**  
**1959. Cuba.**  
Fidel Castro was designate as Prime Minister of Cuba.
- **FEBRUARY 18**  
**Women's Day in the Americas.**
- **FEBRUARY 25**  
**1778. Argentina.**  
Born military José de San Martín, decisive for the independences of Argentina, Chile and Peru.
- **FEBRUARY 28**  
**1811. Uruguay.**  
José Viera made the Cry of Asencio initiating the Revolution.